**E-1: A Bill to Resize the House of Representatives for True Proportional Representation**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. The number of Representatives in the House of Representatives shall now be proportional

3 to the population of the United States.

4 SECTION 2. “Proportional” shall mean corresponding in size—i.e., increasing with the increases of the

5 population and vice versa.

6 SECTION 3. The U.S. Census Bureau shall be responsible for the enforcement of this bill.

7 A. The state with the smallest population shall receive one Representative in the House of

8 Representatives.

9 B. Every other state shall receive a number of Representatives equal to their population

10 divided by the smallest state’s population, rounded through conventional rounding

11 methods.

12 C. Within a state with multiple Representatives, Representatives shall be apportioned

13 through the same methods previously conducted.

14 D. This process shall be done every ten years, coinciding with the taking of the census.

15 E. All processes must be completed following the current apportionment deadlines.

16 SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2030.

17 SECTION 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-2: A Bill to Establish Mandatory Public Service**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 SECTION 1. All U.S. citizens born after January 1, 2006, must complete two years of public

3 service by the time of their 30th birthday.

4 SECTION 2. This requirement may be satisfied through two full years of service in one of the following:

5 the Armed Forces (including the National Guard), the Peace Corps, AmeriCorps, or the National

6 Health Service Corps.

7 SECTION 3. The penalties for failing to meet this requirement shall be identical to those related to the

8 failure to register for the Selective Service.

9 A. There shall be no exemption for gender or gender identity, marital or family status, or career choice.

10 B. Citizens seeking an exemption for physical, psychological, or mental health disabilities shall have

11 their status determined on a case-by-case basis.

12 SECTION 4. This legislation shall be overseen by the Selective Service System.

13 SECTION 5. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

11 SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-3:** **A Bill to Eliminate Columbus Day as a National Holiday**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. Columbus Day, traditionally recognized on the second Monday in October, shall no longer

3 be recognized as a federal holiday.

4 SECTION 2. No observances of this holiday, including closure of federal offices, shall

5 occur.

6 SECTION 3. All branches of the United States government shall conduct business as usual.

7 A. All executive departments, including the Post Office; Congress; and the Federal court system are

8 included in this legislation.

9 B. This legislation is in effect, even if a state declares the day to be a state holiday.

10 SECTION 4. This shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

11 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-4: A Bill to Lessen the Effects of Gentrification in Urban Areas**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. All new residential rental properties within a designated development district that receive

3 federal redevelopment grants shall reserve 25% of the units for residents of the district displaced by the 4 construction or redevelopment.

5 A. Rent for these units will be prorated based on the tenants’ income and lease prior to construction and

6 their displacement.

7 B. Building owners will receive a property tax abatement of 15% for ten years after leasing begins.

8 SECTION 2.

9 A. A “designated development district” is identified area of a city characterized by poverty and blight. 10 Developers buy the properties, rehabilitate them, and sell or rent them at a higher rate than the

1. previous residents paid.
2. B. “Gentrification” is the process by which an urban neighborhood develops rapidly from a low- to a
3. higher-value location, displacing the lower-income residents.

14 SECTION 3. The Department of Housing and Urban Development will oversee the enforcement of this bill. 15 SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

16 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-5: A Bill to Invest in Deep Sea Mining**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. A $5 billion competitive grant program for research and development into deep sea mining

3 technology shall be established to advance U.S. interests in the acquisition of critical minerals.

5 SECTION 2. “Deep sea mining” is the process of retrieving minerals from the ocean floor.

6 SECTION 3. The National Science Foundation and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

7 shall jointly administer this competitive grant program.

8 A. U.S. entities, including private companies, non-profits, and universities, shall be eligible to receive

9 grant funding.

10 B. Foreign entities applying for grant funding will be required to undergo a national security review

11 from the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS).

12 SECTION 4. This legislation will go into effect on October 1, 2025, the beginning of the Congressional

13 fiscal year.

14 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-6: A Bill to Make Voting Compulsory**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. SECTION 1. All citizens 18 years old and older be required to vote in all federal elections.
2. A. Hospitalized patients are exempt from this legislation, if they so choose.
3. B. Citizens residing outside the country and military personnel stationed outside the borders of the

5 United States are exempt from this legislation, if they so choose.

6 SECTION 2. “Voting” is defined as casting a ballot. Citizens may choose to leave the ballot blank, but they 7 must submit a ballot.

8 SECTION 3. Failure to vote will result in a $500 for the first failure to vote. Fines will be increased by

9 $500 for each subsequent failure.

10 SECTION 4. The Federal Election Commission, in conjunction with the chief election official in each state, 11 shall oversee and enforce this legislation.

12 SECTION 5. This legislation shall take effect on on Tuesday, November 3, 2026.

13 SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**E-7: A BILL TO SUPPORT ORGANIC FARMING**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. All federal financial incentives, grants, and subsidies that support non-organic agriculture in

3 the United States shall be eliminated.

4 SECTION 2. “Non-organic agriculture” is conventional farming that relies on chemical intervention to fight

5 pests and weeds and provide plant nutrition.

6 SECTION 3. To be eligible for funds, farms must follow the guidelines of the United States Department of

7 Agriculture (USDA) for organic standards.

8 SECTION 3. The United States Department of Agriculture will be responsible for enforcing the provisions of 9 this legislation.

10 A. Farms receiving funds and found to be noncompliant with the provisions of this legislation shall be 11 ineligible to receive funding for a period of five years beginning withthe first Congressional budget 12 fiscal year following the infraction.

13 B. Each additional infraction will trigger a penalty of 10% of gross farm revenues for the year in

14 which the infraction occurred or $100,000, whichever is greater.

15 SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.

16 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.